

Hausübungen zur Vorlesung
Quantenalgorithmen
WS 2013/2014

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Exercise 1 (4 Punkte):

Let $N = pq$, p, q – prime. Assume you are given an algorithm that for an input $(a, N) \in \mathbb{Z}_N^* \times N$ outputs the order $ord_{\mathbb{Z}_N^*}(a)$ in time $T(N)$. Use this algorithm as a black-box to construct an algorithm that factors N with running time $\mathcal{O}(\log^3 N \cdot T(N))$.

Exercise 2 (4 Punkte):

Factor 187 using the period of the function $f(x) = 32^x \pmod{187}$.

Exercise 3 (5 Punkte):

The goal of this exercise is to construct an adder that computes $|x\rangle \rightarrow |x + y \pmod{2^n}\rangle$ for a fixed constant y using QFT.

- Using R -transformation defined by $R_k = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2^k}} \end{pmatrix}$ show how to construct a phase-shift transformation

$$|k\rangle \rightarrow e^{\frac{2\pi i y \cdot k}{2^n}} |k\rangle$$

Hint. Consider the binary representations of k, y and $y \cdot k$.

- Using a phase-shift transformation as a black-box give a QC for $|x\rangle \rightarrow |x + y \pmod{2^n}\rangle$.